



# SCHOOL-SCOUT.DE

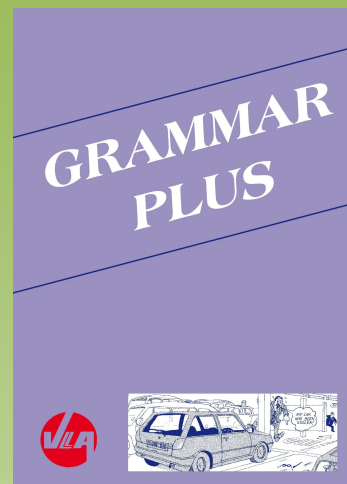
Unterrichtsmaterialien in digitaler und in gedruckter Form

## Auszug aus:

*Grammar Plus: Grammatik mit Spaß vermitteln*

Das komplette Material finden Sie hier:

[School-Scout.de](http://School-Scout.de)



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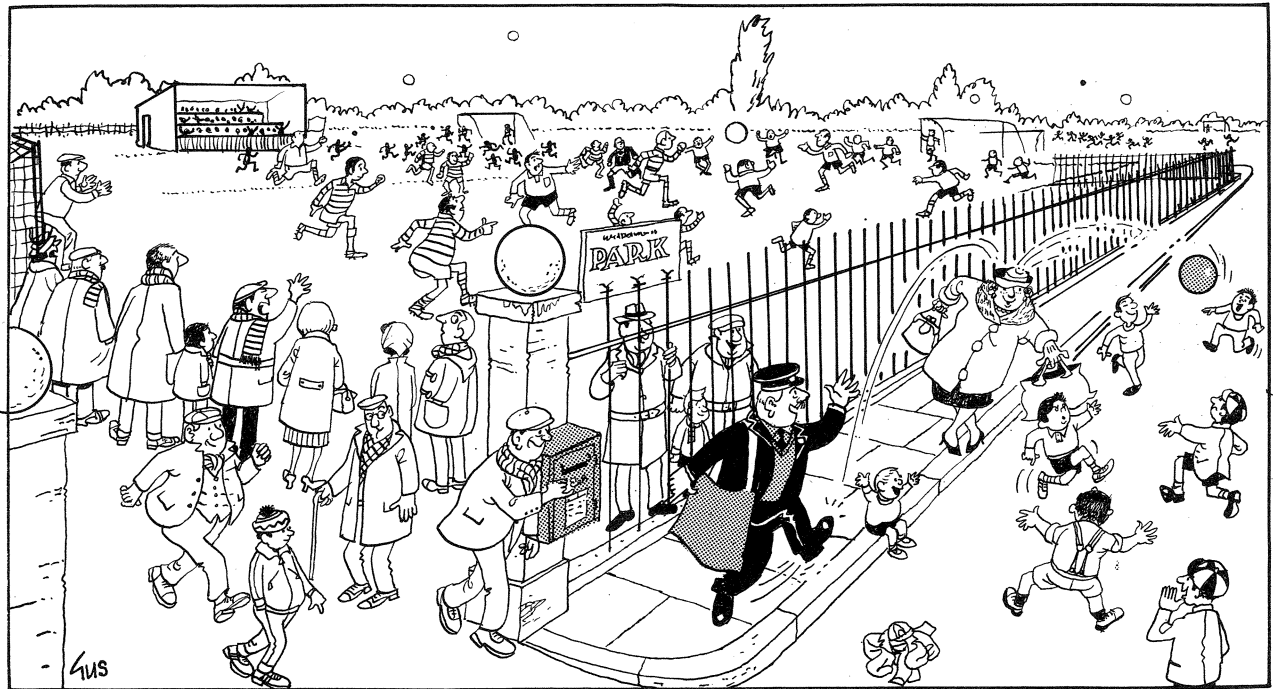
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# 1 Passive Voice

## 1.1 Present Tense Simple

### 1.1.1 Mit by-agent



Nearly everyone **plays** football. Football **is played** by nearly everyone.

Beide Sätze haben ungefähr die gleiche Bedeutung:

Nearly everyone **plays** football.

► **Active Voice.**

Fast jeder **spielt** Fußball.

Football **is played** by nearly everyone.

► **Passive Voice.**

Fußball **wird** von fast jedem **gespielt**.

Im ersten Satz stehen die handelnden Personen im Mittelpunkt:

**Nearly everyone**

**plays** football.

Im zweiten Satz steht das, was gemacht wird, im Mittelpunkt:

**Football**

**is played** by nearly everyone.

## Active Voice

Subject		Object	
Nearly everyone	plays	football	in Britain.

## Passive Voice

Subject		by-agent	
Football	is played	by nearly everyone	in Britain.

**Passive Voice benutzen wir, wenn unser Interesse nicht den handelnden Personen oder Gegenständen gilt, sondern den Vorgängen.**

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## Bildung der Passive Voice:

	<b>TO BE</b>	<b>+ Past Participle (3. Form d. Verbs)</b>	<b>+ BY-AGENT</b>
George	IS	LIKED	BY EVERYONE.
Tests	ARE	HATED	BY MOST PUPILS.
I	AM	DRIVEN to school	BY MY FATHER.

## Bildung der PAST PARTICIPLE

### A. Bei den regelmäßigen Verben

<b>Infinitive</b>	<b>+ ED</b>
wash	washed
cook	cooked
watch	watched

#### Beachte bitte:

#### a) Stummes -e am Wortende fällt weg

bakE	- E	+ ED	▶	baked
likE	- E	+ ED	▶	liked

#### b) -y wird zu -i nach Konsonanten

trY	-Y	+ IED	▶	tried
frY	-Y	+ IED	▶	fried

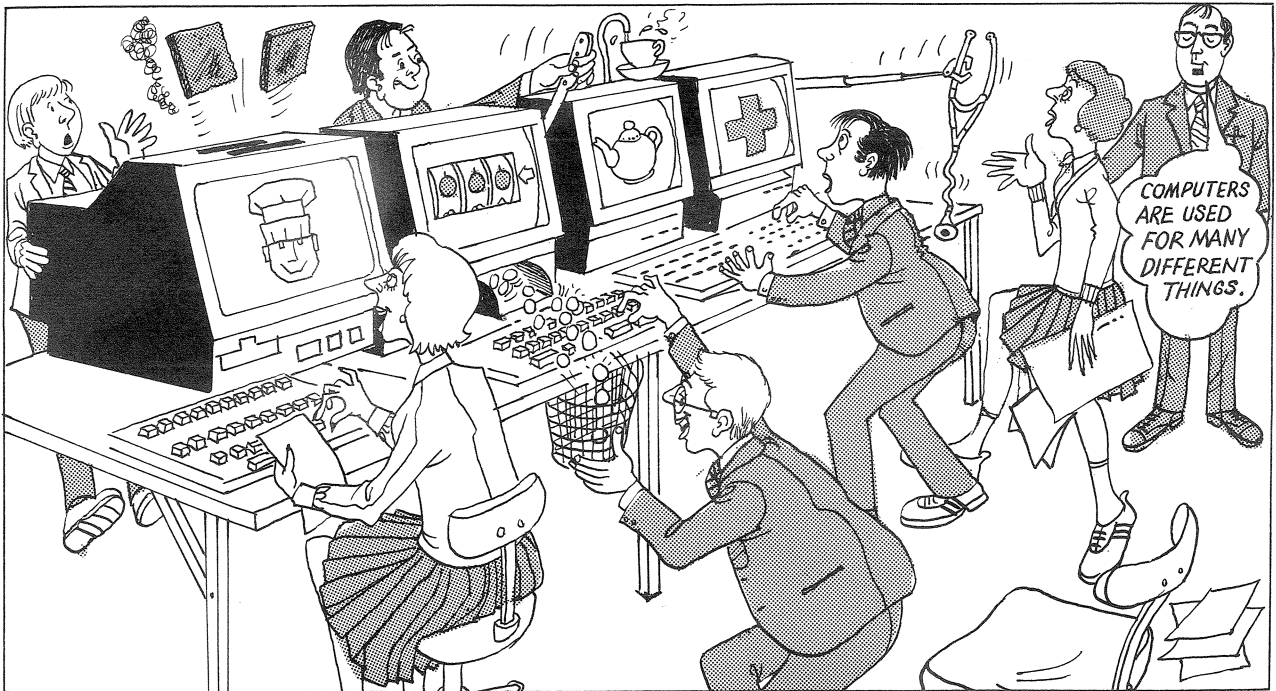
#### c) Verdoppelung der Endkonsonanten nach kurzen Vokalen

stop	+ PED	▶	stopped
grab	+ BED	▶	grabbed

### B. Bei den unregelmäßigen Verben

INFINITIVE	PAST TENSE	PAST PARTICIPLE	DEUTSCH
to begin	began	begun	beginnen
to bring	brought	brought	bringen
to buy	bought	bought	kaufen
to do	did	done	tun
to drive	drove	driven	fahren
to eat	ate	eaten	essen
to leave	left	left	verlassen
to lose	lost	lost	verlieren
to make	made	made	machen/tun
to pay	paid	paid	bezahlen
to say	said	said	sagen
to sell	sold	sold	verkaufen
to steal	stole	stolen	stehlen
to take	took	taken	nehmen
to tell	told	told	erzählen
to teach	taught	taught	lehren
to write	wrote	written	schreiben

## 1.1.2 Ohne by-agent



Computers are used for many different things.

Wenn die handelnden Personen nicht bekannt, unwichtig oder selbstverständlich sind, wird

**kein by-Agent**

verwendet.

**Im Deutschen ist dies genauso:**

Computers are used for many different things.  
Computer werden für verschiedene Zwecke verwendet.



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