

Unterrichtsmaterialien in digitaler und in gedruckter Form

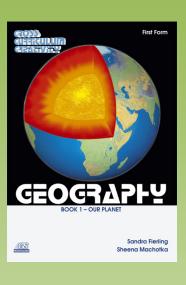
Auszug aus:

Cross Curriculum Creativity - Geography - Book 1: Our Planet

Das komplette Material finden Sie hier:

School-Scout.de





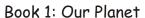


Contents

Introduction	5
Solar System The Solar System - Information Sheet The Solar System - Planet Placement The Solar System - Orbits The Solar System - a Card Game (4 pages)	6 7 8 9
The Earth	
Our Planet - Information Sheet Our Planet Earth Facts Continents and Oceans (2) Alien Eyes (2) Continents and Oceans - a Game (2 pages) Earth Review	13 14 15 16 18 20 22
Mapping	
Mapping - Information Sheet	23
The Story of Atlas	24
The Globe	25
The Compass	26
The Compass Clock	27
The Points of the Compass	28
More Compass Points	29
How to Find Things	30
How to Show Direction	31
Grids and Symbols	32
Map Symbols	33
Relief and Contour Patterns	34
How to Measure Distance - Scale	35
How to Measure Distance	36



Austria	
Provinces and Capitals - Information Sheet	37
Provinces of Austria - Wordsearch	38
Provinces of Austria - Crossword	39
Provinces of Austria - Make Your Own Map	40
Austrian Toe-Twister	41
Austria Cards (2 pages)	42
Austria	44
All About Austria	45
Austria and its Neighbours	
Information Sheet	46
Know Your Neighbours	47
A Balloon Race	48
Europe	
Europe Information Sheet	49
Countries and Capitals	50
Cross Country Europe	51
The European Express	52
Country Conundrum	53
European Treasure Hunt	54
Map of Europe	55
Europe - Cards (3 pages)	56
Geography Quizzes	
Geography Quiz Form	59
Geography Review 1 (Earth and Austria)	60
Geography Review 2 (Earth and Austria)	61
Geography Review	62
A Halloween Hunt	63
Solutions	64
Dictionary	66





Introduction

Welcome to Bilingual Geography. You will find information sheets for teachers, worksheets for your students, worksheets for quizzes and cards, etc. There is a dictionary at the end of the book, as well as solutions to the worksheets.

This book is based on the Core Curriculum and you will find in it the information the children need to know in their first year of geography. Most of the worksheets are graded. You will therefore be able to individualise your lessons, giving out simple or more advanced worksheets to your students and/or making your own worksheets with the information provided. These can also be copied on overhead foil.

Everyone teaches in their own particular style and we would just like to give you some ideas that we have found useful in our own situations. A bi-lingual vocabulary book can be a useful item for students to have. Another idea is to have this at the end of their geography notebook - although this is more temporary as they are constantly filling up their notebooks and having to acquire new ones. Vocabulary is important and necessary. Geography is especially good for anchoring new words and repetition. The first year is great for this - especially with map use. Phrases like "Eisenstadt is the capital of Burgenland" and "the Atlantic Ocean is between Europe and America" are good ways to repeat phrases many times and give the children lots of confidence. Making posters for your class about capital cities in English is always a very nice activity and posters in the classroom certainly anchor the English presence in the room. The section at the end includes an empty quiz chart. We have used this constantly to revise the children's knowledge in a fun way. Asking each child one question per lesson/week, for example, doesn't take up much time and can be a valuable revision guide for the whole class.

We would like to extend special thanks to Margit Kapfenberg-Heller for her valued help in the Mapping section.

We wish you and your students much fun and success in geography.

Sandra Fierling

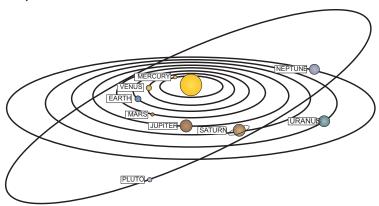
Sheena Machotka



The Solar System

Information Sheet

This is a very basic information sheet. Our solar system is made up of nine planets which orbit around the system's only star, the sun. The sun gives light and heat to the planets orbiting around it. We couldn't survive on planet Earth without the sun. It is larger than all the planets put together. Planets orbit around the sun, not in a circle but an ellipse. The planet closest to the sun, Mercury, take a shorter time to orbit the sun - this is called a year. Mercury takes 88 Earth days to orbit the sun. The Earth takes 365 days to orbit the sun - an Earth year. Pluto, the planet farthest away from the sun, takes 248 Earth years to orbit the sun. Information is also given on the diameter of the planets. The diameter is the distance through the middle of a planet, i.e. Jupiter, the largest planet, has a diameter of 142,800 kms. All planets have moons orbiting around their planet. Some planets have rings around them. Mars is known as the red planet and Venus is known as the Earth's twin as it is a similar size to the Earth and is closest to it. It is the easiest planet to see in the sky and has been called the Morning and/or Evening Star. Pluto is the smallest planet and the one farthest away from the sun. The Earth is known as the blue planet (due to the large amount of water on its surface) and the only known planet in the system where life is possible, as we know it.



My Very Educated Mother Just Served Us Nine Pizza pies is an American children's rhyme used to remember the order of the planets away from the sun.



Unterrichtsmaterialien in digitaler und in gedruckter Form

Auszug aus:

Cross Curriculum Creativity - Geography - Book 1: Our Planet

Das komplette Material finden Sie hier:

School-Scout.de



